Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, All United States, 2009

	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ¹					
Worker characteristics		Transportation incidents ²	Assaults and violent acts ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total	4,340	1,682	788	734	617	390	113
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴	3,335 1,005	1,365 317	553 235		475 142	315 75	92 21
Gender							
Men	4,021 319	1,545 137	692 96	720 14	577 40	371 19	103 10
Age							
Under 16 years	14 55 261	6 8 24 90 243 320 420 331 239	 4 12 53 131 188 217 130 50	144 193 132	 4 35 72 97 158 147	 5 40 97 93 90 43 22	 5 20 24 30 20 12
Race or Ethnic Origin ⁶							
White, non-Hispanic		1,258 168 184 14 33 	477 119 117 7 57	527 46 139 5 13	433 30 136 4 9	270 31 73 8 	83 11 16

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race